

C++ PROGRAMMING FOR C PROGRAMMERS

General:

This course provides experienced C Language programmers with the skill to create object oriented programs using the C++ programming language. The student will learn the syntax of the language, as well as how to code and execute object oriented C++ programs.

Objectives:

Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- Distinguish new C++ Language features not available in C Language.
- Compile and execute C++ programs.
- Define encapsulation, inheritance, and polymorphism.
- Use inline functions and function overloading.
- Create data abstractions through the use of classes.
- Share and restrict object members.
- Define and use constructors and destructors.
- Dynamically create and destroy space.
- Use the I/O Stream related classes.
- Use operator overloading.
- Declare and use named constants.
- Describe scope, storage class, and linkage.
- Increase software reusability through inheritance.
- Use dynamic binding and virtual functions.
- Process errors using exception handling.
- Declare and use class and function templates (Optional)

Audience:

Technical Users, Applications Programmers, and Systems Programmers.

Prerequisites:

Completion of *the Programming in C Language* course or a working knowledge of the C Programming Language. Knowledge of one of the program editors for the development environment used for the exercise sessions. An understanding of object oriented programming concepts would also prove helpful.

Duration:

Five (5) days including classroom lecture and lab sessions. Class and Function Templates unit is optional and is only presented if time permits.

**C++ PROGRAMMING FOR C PROGRAMMERS
COURSE OUTLINE**

I. INTRODUCTION

- A. Features of C++
- B. History and Origin of C++
- C. Advantages of C++
- D. C++ Compilation Process

II. C++ vs. C

- A. Compatibility between C and C++
- B. Comments and Readability
- C. C++ Keywords and Modifiers
- D. Variable Declarations in C++
- E. Derived Data Types
- F. Operator Precedence and Associativity
- G. Scope/Global Operator (::)
- H. Namespaces
- I. Input/Output Streams

III. FUNCTIONS

- A. Function Definition
- B. Function Declaration
- C. Reference Parameters
- D. Default Argument Values
- E. Function Overloading
- F. Inline Functions
- G. Type Safe Linkage
- H. Name Mangling
- I. Combining C and C++ Functions

IV. OBJECT ORIENTED CONCEPTS

- A. Features of Object Oriented Languages
- B. Procedural vs. Object Oriented
- C. Data Abstraction
- D. Encapsulation
- E. Inheritance
- F. Polymorphism
- G. Effects of OO Approach
- H. Basic OO Design (CRC Cards)

V. CLASSES AND ENCAPSULATION

- A. Definition of Class
- B. Class Syntax
- C. Class Data Members
- D. Class Member Functions
 - 1. Internal
 - 2. External
- E. Private vs. Public Members

VI. CONSTRUCTORS & DESTRUCTORS

- A. Class Constructors
 - 1. Constructors with Parameters
 - 2. Overloaded Constructors
 - 3. Internal and External Constructors
 - 4. Explicit and Implicit Constructor Invocation
- B. Class Destructors
- C. Dynamic Memory Allocation
 - 1. new Operator
 - 2. delete Operator
- D. Pointers to Classes
- E. this Pointer
- F. Function and Class Friends
- G. Copy Constructors
- H. Avoiding Memory Leaks

VII. I/O STREAMS

- A. Standard I/O Streams
- B. Reading Input with cin
- C. Writing Output with cout
- D. Writing Errors with cerr
- E. Other I/O Class Member Functions
 - 1. get
 - 2. put
 - 3. write
- F. Manipulators
- G. Simple File I/O
 - 1. Opening File Streams
 - 2. State Checking Member Functions
 - 3. Closing File Streams

VIII. OVERLOADING OPERATORS

- A. Overloading Operators
- B. Operator Overloading Rules and Restrictions
- C. Valid Overloaded Operators
- D. Overloading Binary Operators
- E. Overloading Unary Operators
- F. Overloading Operators Having Side Effects
- G. Overloading Assignment Operator
- H. Overloading ++ and -- Operators
- I. Overloading Type Cast (conversion) Operator
- J. Friend Operator Functions
- K. Non-Member Operator Functions

IX. CONSTANTS, SCOPE, & LINKAGE

- A. Named Constants
- B. Pointers and Constants
- C. References and Constants
- D. Functions and Constants
- E. Constant Member Functions
 - 1. Logically Constant Functions
 - 2. mutable Keyword
- F. Scope and Storage Class
- G. Linkage
- H. static Class Members

X. INHERITANCE

- A. Software Reusability
- B. Inheritance - Concept and Terminology
- C. Inheritance Syntax
- D. Uses and Advantages
- E. Base and Derived Classes
- F. Class Access Specifiers
 - 1. public
 - 2. private
 - 3. protected
- G. Single Inheritance
- H. Multiple Inheritance
- I. Constructors and Destructors
- J. Containment

XI. POLYMORPHISM AND DYNAMIC BINDING

- A. Polymorphism Definition
- B. Types of Binding
 - 1. Static
 - 2. Dynamic
- C. Virtual Functions
- D. Rules for Dynamic Binding
- E. Pure Virtual Functions and Abstract Classes

XII. ERROR AND EXCEPTION HANDLING

- A. Exception Handling Model
- B. Exception Handling Keywords
- C. Generating Exceptions
- D. Handling Exceptions
- E. Creating Exception Classes
- F. Catching or Passing Exceptions

XIII. CLASS AND FUNCTION TEMPLATES (OPTIONAL)

- A. Template Definition
- B. Template Container Class
 - 1. Syntax
 - 2. Template Arguments
 - 3. Overriding Template Definition
- C. Global Function Templates
 - 1. Syntax
 - 2. Use
- D. Advanced Template Topics
 - 1. Special Template Functions
 - 2. Inherited Template Classes